

# C Piscine

Day 13

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Abstract: This document is the subject for Day13 of the C Piscine @ 42.

## Contents

Ι	Instructions	2	
II	Foreword	4	
III	Exercise 00 : btree_create_node	5	
IV	Exercise 01 : btree_apply_prefix	6	
V	Exercise 02 : btree_apply_infix	7	
VI	Exercise 03 : btree_apply_suffix	8	
VII	Exercise 04 : btree_insert_data	9	
VIII	Exercise 05 : btree_search_item	10	
IX	Exercise 06 : btree_level_count	11	
$\mathbf{X}$	Exercise 07 : btree_apply_by_level	12	
XI	Provisional instructions	13	
XII	Exercise 08: rb_insert	14	
XIII	Exercise 09: rb_remove	15	

#### Chapter I

### Instructions

- Only this page will serve as reference: do not trust rumors.
- Watch out! This document could potentially change up to an hour before submission.
- Make sure you have the appropriate permissions on your files and directories.
- You have to follow the submission procedures for every exercise.
- Your exercises will be checked and graded by your fellow classmates.
- On top of that, your exercises will be checked and graded by a program called Moulinette.
- Moulinette is very meticulous and strict in its evaluation of your work. It is entirely automated and there is no way to negotiate with it. So if you want to avoid bad surprises, be as thorough as possible.
- Moulinette is not very open-minded. It won't try and understand your code if it doesn't respect the Norm. Moulinette relies on a program called Norminator to check if your files respect the norm. TL;DR: it would be idiotic to submit a piece of work that doesn't pass Norminator's check.
- These exercises are carefully laid out by order of difficulty from easiest to hardest. We will not take into account a successfully completed harder exercise if an easier one is not perfectly functional.
- $\bullet\,$  Using a forbidden function is considered cheating. Cheaters get -42, and this grade is non-negotiable.
- If ft\_putchar() is an authorized function, we will compile your code with our ft\_putchar.c.
- You'll only have to submit a main() function if we ask for a program.

- Moulinette compiles with these flags: -Wall -Wextra -Werror, and uses gcc.
- If your program doesn't compile, you'll get 0.
- You <u>cannot</u> leave <u>any</u> additional file in your directory than those specified in the subject.
- Got a question? Ask your peer on your right. Otherwise, try your peer on your left.
- Your reference guide is called Google / man / the Internet / ....
- Check out the "C Piscine" part of the forum on the intranet.
- Examine the examples thoroughly. They could very well call for details that are not explicitly mentioned in the subject...
- By Odin, by Thor ! Use your brain !!!
- For the following exercises, we'll use the following structure :

typedef {	struct		s_btree
		s_btree s_btree	<pre>*left; *right; *item;</pre>
}			t_btree;

- You'll have to include this structure in a file ft\_btree.h and submit it for each exercise.
- From exercise 01 onward, we'll use our btree\_create\_node, so make arrangements (it could be useful to have its prototype in a file ft\_btree.h...).

#### Chapter II

#### Foreword

Here's the list of releases for Venom :

- In League with Satan (single, 1980)
- Welcome to Hell (1981)
- Black Metal (1982)
- Bloodlust (single, 1983)
- Die Hard (single, 1983)
- Warhead (single, 1984)
- At War with Satan (1984)
- Hell at Hammersmith (EP, 1985)
- American Assault (EP, 1985)
- Canadian Assault (EP, 1985)
- French Assault (EP, 1985)
- Japanese Assault (EP, 1985)
- Scandinavian Assault (EP, 1985)
- Manitou (single, 1985)
- Nightmare (single, 1985)
- Possessed (1985)
- German Assault (EP, 1987)
- Calm Before the Storm (1987)
- Prime Evil (1989)
- Tear Your Soul Apart (EP, 1990)
- Temples of Ice (1991)
- The Waste Lands (1992)
- Venom '96 (EP, 1996)
- Cast in Stone (1997)
- Resurrection (2000)
- Anti Christ (single, 2006)
- Metal Black (2006)
- Hell (2008)
- Fallen Angels (2011)

Today's subject will seem easier if you listen to Venom.

#### Chapter III

### Exercise 00 : btree\_create\_node

	Exercice : 00	
/	btree_create_node	
Turn-in directory :	ex00/	
Files to turn in : b	tree_create_node.c, ft_btree.h	
Allowed functions	: malloc	
Remarks : n/a		

- Create the function btree\_create\_node which allocates a new element. It should initialise its item to the argument's value, and all other elements to 0.
- The created node's address is returned.
- Here's how it should be prototyped :

t\_btree \*btree\_create\_node(void \*item);

#### Chapter IV

## Exercise 01 : btree\_apply\_prefix

Exercice : 01	
btree_apply_prefix	
Turn-in directory : $ex01/$	
Files to turn in : btree_apply_prefix.c, ft_btree.h	L
Allowed functions : Nothing	
Remarks : n/a	

- Create a function btree\_apply\_prefix which applies the function given as argument to the item of each node, using prefix traversal to search the tree.
- Here's how it should be prototyped :

void btree\_apply\_prefix(t\_btree \*root, void (\*applyf)(void \*));

## Chapter V

# Exercise 02 : btree\_apply\_infix

Exercice : 02	
btree_apply_infix	
Turn-in directory : $ex02/$	
Files to turn in : btree_apply_infix.c, ft_btree.h	
Allowed functions : Nothing	
Remarks : n/a	

- Create a function btree\_apply\_infix which applies the function given as argument to the item of each node, using infix traversal to search the tree.
- Here's how it should be prototyped :

void btree\_apply\_infix(t\_btree \*root, void (\*applyf)(void \*));

## Chapter VI

## Exercise 03 : btree\_apply\_suffix

Exercice : 03	
btree_apply_suffix	
Turn-in directory : $ex03/$	
Files to turn in : btree_apply_suffix.c, ft_btree.h	
Allowed functions : Nothing	
Remarks : n/a	

- Create a function btree\_apply\_suffix which applies the function given as argument to the item of each node, using suffix traversal to search the tree.
- Here's how it should be prototyped :

void btree\_apply\_suffix(t\_btree \*root, void (\*applyf)(void \*));

#### Chapter VII

#### Exercise 04 : btree\_insert\_data

Exercice : 04	
btree_insert_data	ı
Turn-in directory : $ex04/$	
Files to turn in : btree_insert_data.c, ft_btree.	h
Allowed functions : btree_create_node	
Remarks : n/a	

- Create a function btree\_insert\_data which inserts the element item into a tree. The tree passed as argument will be sorted : for each node all lower elements are located on the left side and all higher or equal elements on the right. We'll also pass a comparison function similar to strcmp as argument.
- The root parameter points to the root node of the tree. First time called, it should point to NULL.
- Here's how it should be prototyped :

void btree\_insert\_data(t\_btree \*\*root, void \*item, int (\*cmpf)(void \*, void \*));

## Chapter VIII

## Exercise 05 : btree\_search\_item

Exercice : 05	
btree_search_item	
arch_item.c, ft_btree.h	
g	

- Create a function btree\_search\_item which returns the first element related to the reference data given as argument. The tree should be browsed using infix traversal. If the element isn't found, the function should return NULL.
- Here's how it should be prototyped :

void \*btree\_search\_item(t\_btree \*root, void \*data\_ref, int (\*cmpf)(void \*, void \*));

### Chapter IX

## Exercise 06 : btree\_level\_count

	Exercice : 06	
/	btree_level_count	
Turn-in directory : $ex06/$	/	
Files to turn in : btree_lev	el_count.c, ft_btree.h	
Allowed functions : Nothing		
Remarks : n/a		

- Create a function **btree\_level\_count** which returns the size of the largest branch passed as argument.
- Here's how it should be prototyped :

int btree\_level\_count(t\_btree \*root);

#### Chapter X

## Exercise 07 : btree\_apply\_by\_level

	Exercice : 07	
/	btree_apply_by_level	
Turn-in directory : $ex07/$		
Files to turn in : btree_appl	y_by_level.c, ft_btree.h	
Allowed functions : malloc,	free	
Remarks : n/a		

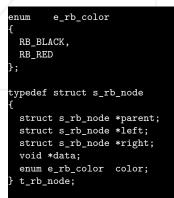
- Create a function btree\_apply\_by\_level which applies the function passed as argument to each node of the tree. The tree must be browsed level by level. The function called will take three arguments :
  - The first argument, of type void \*, will correspond to the node's item ;
  - The second argument, of type int, corresponds to the level on which we find : 0 for root, 1 for children, 2 for grand-children, etc. ;
  - The third argument, of type int, is worth 1 if it's the first node of the level, or worth 0 otherwise.
- Here's how it should be prototyped :

void btree\_apply\_by\_level(t\_btree \*root, void (\*applyf)(void \*item, int current\_level, int is\_first

#### Chapter XI

## **Provisional instructions**

• Let's now work with red and black trees.



- Note : this structure begins with the same fields as the previous structure. Therefore making it possible to use the already written functions with red and black trees again. For those of you that are are more experienced, this is a rudimentary form of polymorphism in C.
- You submit this structure for each exercise in a file called ft\_btree\_rb.h.

### Chapter XII

### Exercise 08: rb\_insert

	Exercice : 08	
/	rb_insert	
Turn-in directory : $ex08/$		
Files to turn in : rb_inser	t.c, ft_btree_rb.h	
Allowed functions : malloc		
Remarks : n/a		

- Create a function rb\_insert that adds a new data to the the tree so that it continues to respect a red and black tree's restrictions. The argument root points to the tree's root node. Upon first call, it points to NULL. We'll also pass a comparison function similar to strcmp as argument.
- Here's how it should be prototyped :

void rb\_insert(struct s\_rb\_node \*\*root, void \*data, int (\*cmpf)(void \*, void \*));

## Chapter XIII

#### Exercise 09: rb\_remove

	Exercice : 09	
/	rb_remove	
Turn-in directory : $ex09/$		
Files to turn in : rb_remov	e.c, ft_btree_rb.h	
Allowed functions : free		
Remarks : n/a		

- Create a function rb\_remove which removes a data from the the tree so that it continues to respect a red and black tree's restrictions. The argument root points to the tree's root node. We'll also pass a comparison function similar to strcmp as argument, as well as a pointer to function freef which will be called, with the element of the tree to be deleted, as argument.
- Here's how it should be prototyped :

void rb\_remove(struct s\_rb\_node \*\*root, void \*data, int (\*cmpf)(void \*, void \*), void (\*freef)(void